

**Fiche de Données de Sécurité****DESIDERI PROTETTIVO**

Fiche signalétique du 04/09/2023 révision 3

Cette Fiche de Données de Sécurité est rédigée dans une démarche volontaire : elle n'est pas obligatoire conformément à l'Article 31 du Règlement n°1907/2006.

**RUBRIQUE 1 – Identification de la substance/du mélange et de la société/de l'entreprise****1.1. Identificateur de produit**

Identification du mélange:

Dénomination commerciale: DESIDERI PROTETTIVO

Code commercial: COL799

**1.2. Utilisations identifiées pertinentes de la substance ou du mélange et utilisations déconseillées**

Usage recommandé : Produit de protection transparent pour produits décoratifs

**1.3. Renseignements concernant le fournisseur de la fiche de données de sécurité**

Fournisseur: FASSA Srl

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**1.4. Numéro d'appel d'urgence**

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**RUBRIQUE 2 – Identification des dangers****2.1. Classification de la substance ou du mélange****Règlement (CE) n° 1272/2008 (CLP)**

Le produit n'est pas considéré dangereux conformément au Règlement CE 1272/2008 (CLP).

Effets physico-chimiques nocifs sur la santé humaine et l'environnement :

Aucun autre danger

**2.2. Éléments d'étiquetage**

Le produit n'est pas considéré dangereux conformément au Règlement CE 1272/2008 (CLP).

**Dispositions spéciales:**

EUH208 Contient du (de la) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one. Peut produire une réaction allergique.

EUH208 Contient du (de la) masse de réaction de 5-chloro-2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one et de 2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). Peut produire une réaction allergique.

**Dispositions particulières conformément à l'Annexe XVII de REACH et ses amendements successifs:**

Aucun

**2.3. Autres dangers**Aucune substance PBT, vPvB ou perturbateurs endocriniens present en concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$ 

Aucun autre danger

**RUBRIQUE 3 – Composition/informations sur les composants****3.1. Substances**

N.A.

**3.2. Mélanges**

Identification du mélange: DESIDERI PROTETTIVO

**Composants dangereux aux termes du Règlement CLP et classification relative :**

Quantité	Dénomination	N° identification	Classification	Numéro d'enregistrement:
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≥1 - <3 % 2-butoxyéthanol	CAS:111-76-2 EC:203-905-0 Index:603-014-00-0	Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119475108-36-xxxx
		Estimation de la toxicité aiguë, ETA: ETA - Orale: 1200mg/kg pc ETA - Inhalation (Vapeurs): 3mg/l	
≥0.005 - <0.025 % 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M:1	
		Limites de concentration spécifiques: 0.05% ≤ C < 100%: Skin Sens. 1 H317	
		Estimation de la toxicité aiguë, ETA: ETA - Orale: 500mg/kg pc ETA - Inhalation (Poussières/brouillard): 0.05mg/l	
≥0.00015 - <0.0015 % masse de réaction de 5-chloro-2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one et de 2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071	
		Limites de concentration spécifiques: 0.6% ≤ C < 100%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 0.6% ≤ C < 100%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 0.0015% ≤ C < 100%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	
		Estimation de la toxicité aiguë, ETA: ETA - Orale: 100mg/kg pc ETA - Cutanée: 50mg/kg pc ETA - Inhalation (Poussières/brouillard): 0.05mg/l	

## RUBRIQUE 4 – Premiers secours

### 4.1. Description des mesures de premiers secours

En cas de contact avec la peau :

Laver abondamment à l'eau et au savon.

En cas de contact avec les yeux :

En cas de contact avec les yeux, laver immédiatement et abondamment avec de l'eau et consulter un spécialiste.

En cas d'ingestion :

Ne pas faire vomir, consulter un médecin montrant cette fiche signalétique et l'étiquetage de danger.

En cas d'inhalation :

Transporter la victime à l'extérieur et la maintenir au chaud et au repos.

### 4.2. Principaux symptômes et effets, aigus et différés

Aucun connu

### 4.3. Indication des éventuels soins médicaux immédiats et traitements particuliers nécessaires

En cas de malaise consulter un médecin.

## RUBRIQUE 5 – Mesures de lutte contre l'incendie

### 5.1. Moyens d'extinction

Moyens d'extinction appropriés :

Le produit n'est pas inflammable.

Moyens d'extinction qui ne doivent pas être utilisés pour des raisons de sécurité :

Aucun en particulier.

### 5.2. Dangers particuliers résultant de la substance ou du mélange

La combustion produit de la fumée lourde.

En cas d'incendie et/ou d'explosion, ne pas respirer les fumées.

### 5.3. Conseils aux pompiers

Utiliser des appareils respiratoires adaptés.

Recueillir séparément l'eau contaminée utilisée pour éteindre l'incendie. Ne pas la déverser dans le réseau des eaux usées.

Si cela est faisable d'un point de vue de la sécurité, déplacer de la zone de danger immédiat les conteneurs non endommagés.

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## RUBRIQUE 6 – Mesures à prendre en cas de dispersion accidentelle

### 6.1. Précautions individuelles, équipement de protection et procédures d'urgence

Porter les dispositifs de protection individuelle.

Emmener les personnes en lieu sûr.

Consulter les mesures de protection exposées aux points 7 et 8.

### 6.2. Précautions pour la protection de l'environnement

Empêcher la pénétration dans le sol/sous-sol. Empêcher l'écoulement dans les eaux superficielles ou dans le réseau des eaux usées.

En cas de fuite de gaz ou de pénétration dans les cours d'eau, le sol ou le système d'évacuation d'eau, informer les autorités responsables.

### 6.3. Méthodes et matériel de confinement et de nettoyage

Matériel adapté à la collecte: matériel absorbant inerte (sable, vermiculite par ex.)

Après avoir collecté le produit, laver la zone et les matériaux contaminés avec de l'eau.

Retenir l'eau de lavage contaminée et l'éliminer.

### 6.4. Référence à d'autres rubriques

Voir également les paragraphes 8 et 13.

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## RUBRIQUE 7 – Manipulation et stockage

### 7.1. Précautions à prendre pour une manipulation sans danger

Éviter le contact avec la peau et les yeux, l'inhalation de vapeurs et brouillards.

Conseils d'ordre général en matière d'hygiène du travail:

Ne pas manger et ne pas boire pendant le travail.

Voir également le paragraphe 8 pour les dispositifs de protection recommandés.

### 7.2. Conditions d'un stockage sûr, y compris les éventuelles incompatibilités

Conserver les récipients bien fermés dans un endroit frais et bien ventilé, loin de sources de chaleur.

Tenir loin de la nourriture, des boissons et aliments pour animaux.

Matières incompatibles:

Voir alinéa 10.5

Indication pour les locaux:

Locaux correctement aérés.

Protéger du gel.

### 7.3. Utilisation(s) finale(s) particulière(s)

Recommandations

Voir alinéa 1.2

Solutions spécifiques pour le secteur industriel

Aucune utilisation particulière

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## RUBRIQUE 8 – Contrôles de l'exposition/protection individuelle

### 8.1. Paramètres de contrôle

#### Liste des composants avec valeur OEL

	Type OEL	pays	Long terme mg/m3	Long Terme ppm	Court terme mg/m3	Court terme ppm	Remarque
2-butoxyéthanol CAS: 111-76-2	ACGIH			20.000			A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr
	UE		98.000	20.000	246	50	Skin
	MAK	AUSTRIA	98.000	20.000	200.000	40.000	
	VLEP	BELGIUM	98	20	246	50	
	VLEP	FRANCE	49.000	10.000	246.000	50.000	

AGW	GERMANY	49.000	10.000	98.000	20.000	Skin
MAK	GERMANY	49.000	10.000	98.000	20.000	Skin
ÁK	HUNGARY	98.000		246		
VLEP	ITALY	98	20	246.000	50	Skin
NDS	POLAND	98.000		200.000		
VLEP	ROMANIA	98.000	20.000	246.000	50.000	
VLA	SPAIN	98.000	20.000	245.000	50.000	Skin
SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	49.000	10.000	98.000	20.000	
MAC	NETHERLAND S	100.000		246.000		
WEL	U.K.	123.000	25.000	246.000	50.000	
VLE	PORTUGAL	98.000	20.000	246.000	50.000	Skin
GVI	CROATIA	98.000	20.000	246.000	50.000	Skin
MV	SLOVENIA	98.000	20.000	246.000	50.000	Skin
TLV	CZECHIA	100.000	20.400	200.000	40.800	Skin
masse de réaction de 5- chloro-2-méthyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one et de 2- méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	MAK	AUSTRIA	0.050			
	MAK	GERMANY	0.200	0.400		Inhalable fraction
	SUVA	SWITZERLAN D	0.200	0.400		Inhalable fraction

#### Liste des composants contenus dans la formule avec une valeur PNEC

	Limite PNEC	Voie d'exposition	Fréquence d'exposition	Remarques
2-butoxyéthanol CAS: 111-76-2	8.8 mg/l	Eau douce		
	0.88 mg/l	Eau marine		
	463 mg/l	Micro-organismes dans les traitements des eaux usées (STP)		
	34.6 mg/kg	Sédiments d'eau douce		
	3.46 mg/kg	Sédiments d'eau marine		
	2.33 mg/kg	Sol (agricole)		
	20 mg/kg	Chaîne alimentaire		

#### Niveau dérivé sans effet. (DNEL)

	Travail industriel	Travail professionnel	Conso- mmate ur	Voie d' exposition	Fréquence d'exposition	Remarques
2-butoxyéthanol CAS: 111-76-2	98 mg/m3	59 mg/m3		Inhalation humaine	Long terme, effets systémiques	
	1091 mg/m3	426 mg/m3		Inhalation humaine	Court terme, effets systémiques	
	246 mg/m3	147 mg/m3		Inhalation humaine	Court terme, effets locaux	

6.3	Orale	Long terme, effets
mg/kg	humaine	systémiques
26.7	Orale	Court terme, effets
mg/kg	humaine	systémiques

## 8.2. Contrôles de l'exposition

Veiller à une ventilation adéquate. Lorsque c'est raisonnablement possible, il est recommandé d'utiliser une ventilation par aspiration localisée et une extraction générale efficace.

Protection des yeux:

Lunettes avec protection latérale (EN 166).

Protection de la peau:

Utilisez des vêtements appropriés pour une protection complète de la peau en fonction de l'activité et de l'exposition (EN 14605/EN 13982), par exemple. combinaison de travail, tablier, chaussures de sécurité, vêtements appropriés.

Protection des mains:

Il n'existe pas de gant, quelque soit sa (ou ses) composition(s), qui donne une résistance illimitée à tout produit chimique (qu'il soit pur ou en mélange).

En cas de contacts prolongés ou répétés, utiliser gants résistant aux produits chimiques.

Matériaux appropriés pour les gants de protection (EN 374/EN 16523); NBR (Caoutchouc nitrile): épaisseur  $\geq 0.4$  mm; temps de perméation  $\geq 480$  min.; Caoutchouc butyle: épaisseur  $\geq 0.4$  mm; temps de perméation  $\geq 480$  min.

Le choix de gants adaptés ne dépend pas uniquement du matériau mais également d'autres caractéristiques de qualité variables d'un producteur à un autre, ainsi que des modalités et des temps d'utilisation du mélange.

Protection respiratoire:

Lorsque les travailleurs sont exposés à des concentrations supérieures aux limites d'exposition, ils doivent porter des appareils de protection respiratoire appropriés et homologués.

Dispositif de filtrage combiné (EN 14387).

Contrôles de l'exposition environnementale :

Voir alinéa 6.2

Mesures d'hygiène et techniques

Voir le paragraphe 7.

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## RUBRIQUE 9 – Propriétés physiques et chimiques

### 9.1. Informations sur les propriétés physiques et chimiques essentielles

Aspect: visqueux

Couleur : jaune

Odeur: caractéristique

Point de fusion/congélation: N.D.

Point d'ébullition initial et intervalle d'ébullition: N.D.

Inflammabilité: N.A.

Limite supérieure/inférieure d'inflammabilité ou d'explosion : N.D.

Point d'éclair:  $> 93^{\circ}\text{C}$

Température d'auto-inflammation: N.D.

Température de décomposition: N.D.

pH:  $\geq 7.00 \leq 8.00$  ( Méthode interne )

Viscosité cinématique: N.A.

Densité: 1.03 kg/l ( Méthode interne )

Densité des vapeurs: N.A.

Pression de vapeur: N.D.

Hydrosolubilité: miscible en tous les rapports

Solubilité dans l'huile: Aucune donnée disponible

Coefficient de partage (n-octanol/eau): N.A.

#### Caractéristiques des particules:

Taille des particules: N.A.

### 9.2. Autres informations

Conductivité: N.D.

Propriétés explosives: N.A. ( Évaluation interne )

Propriétés comburantes: N.A. ( Évaluation interne )

Taux d'évaporation: N.A.

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## RUBRIQUE 10 – Stabilité et réactivité

### 10.1. Réactivité

Stable en conditions normales

### 10.2. Stabilité chimique

Stable en conditions normales

### 10.3. Possibilité de réactions dangereuses

Aucune.

### 10.4. Conditions à éviter

Eviter d'approcher le produit à sources de chaleur.

### 10.5. Matières incompatibles

Aucun en particulier.

### 10.6. Produits de décomposition dangereux

Aucun produit de décomposition dangereux à condition de respecter les prescriptions de stockage et de manipulation.

Voir alinéa 5.2

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## RUBRIQUE 11 – Informations toxicologiques

### 11.1. Informations sur les classes de danger telles que définies dans le règlement (CE) no 1272/2008

#### Informations toxicologiques sur le produit :

a) toxicité aiguë	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
b) corrosion cutanée/irritation cutanée	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
c) lésions oculaires graves/irritation oculaire	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
d) sensibilisation respiratoire ou cutanée	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
e) mutagénicité sur les cellules germinales	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
f) cancérogénicité	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
g) toxicité pour la reproduction	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
h) toxicité spécifique pour certains organes cibles – exposition unique	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
i) toxicité spécifique pour certains organes cibles – exposition répétée	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.
j) danger par aspiration	Non classé	Compte tenu des données disponibles, les critères de classification ne sont pas remplis.

#### Informations toxicologiques sur les substances principales se trouvant dans le produit :

2-butoxyéthanol	a) toxicité aiguë	ETA - Orale : 1200 mg/kg pc ETA - Inhalation (Vapeurs) : 3 mg/l LD50 Peau Cobaye > 2000 mg/kg LC50 Inhalation de vapeurs Rat > 4.26 mg/l 4h
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	a) toxicité aiguë	ETA - Orale : 500 mg/kg pc ETA - Inhalation (Poussières/brouillard) : 0.05 mg/l
masse de réaction de 5-chloro-2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one et de 2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	a) toxicité aiguë	ETA - Orale : 100 mg/kg pc

ETA - Cutanée : 50 mg/kg pc

ETA - Inhalation (Poussières/brouillard) : 0.05 mg/l

## 11.2. Informations sur les autres dangers

### Propriétés perturbantes le système endocrinien:

Aucun perturbateur endocrinien present en concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## RUBRIQUE 12 – Informations écologiques

Utiliser le produit rationnellement en évitant de le disperser dans la nature.

### 12.1. Toxicité

Informations écotoxicologiques:

#### Liste des propriétés éco-toxicologiques du produit

Non classé pour les dangers pour l'environnement

Pas de donnée disponible pour le produit

#### Liste des composants écotoxicologiques

Composant	N° identification	Informations écotoxicologiques
2-butoxyéthanol	CAS: 111-76-2 - EINECS: 203-905-0 - INDEX: 603-014-00-0	a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : LC50 Poissons 1474 mg/l 96h  a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : EC50 Daphnie 1550 mg/l 48h a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : EC50 Algues 1840 mg/l 72h b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Poissons > 100 mg/l 21d b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Daphnie 100 mg/l 21d
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : LC50 Poissons 11 mg/l 96h  a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : EC50 Daphnie 16.4 mg/l 48h a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : EC50 Algues 0.6 mg/l 72h b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Poissons 1.05 mg/l - 28d b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Daphnie 6 mg/l - 21d b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Algues 0.2 mg/l 72h
masse de réaction de 5-chloro-2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one et de 2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : LC50 Poissons 0.22 mg/l 96h  a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : EC50 Daphnie 0.1 mg/l 48h a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : EC50 Algues 0.0052 mg/l 48h a) Toxicité aquatique aiguë : EC50 Algues d'eau douce 0.048 mg/l 72h b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Poissons 0.098 mg/l - 28d b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Daphnie 0.004 mg/l - 21d b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Algues 0.00064 mg/l 48h b) Toxicité aquatique chronique : NOEC Algues d'eau douce 0.0012 mg/l 72h

### 12.2. Persistance et dégradabilité

Composant	Persistance/dégradabilité :
2-butoxyéthanol	Rapidement dégradable
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Pas rapidement dégradable
masse de réaction de 5-chloro-2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one et de 2-méthyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Pas rapidement dégradable

### 12.3. Potentiel de bioaccumulation

N.A.

### 12.4. Mobilité dans le sol

N.A.

## 12.5. Résultats des évaluations PBT et vPvB

Sur la base des données disponibles, le produit ne contient pas de substances PBT/vPvB en pourcentage  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

## 12.6. Propriétés perturbant le système endocrinien

Aucun perturbateur endocrinien présent en concentration  $\geq 0.1\%$

## 12.7. Autres effets néfastes

N.A.

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## RUBRIQUE 13 – Considérations relatives à l'élimination

### 13.1. Méthodes de traitement des déchets

Récupérer si possible. Opérer en respectant les dispositions locales et nationales en vigueur.

Ne pas laisser pénétrer dans les égouts ni les cours d'eau.

Les récipients qui ne sont pas vides sont à traiter conformément aux exigences légales nationales ou locales en terme de déchets.

Une fois le produit périmé, il doit être éliminé conformément à la réglementation en vigueur.

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## RUBRIQUE 14 – Informations relatives au transport

Produit non dangereux au sens des réglementations de transport.

### 14.1. Numéro ONU ou numéro d'identification

N/A

### 14.2. Désignation officielle de transport de l'ONU

ADR-Nom d'expédition: N/A

IATA-Nom technique: N/A

IMDG-Nom technique: N/A

### 14.3. Classe(s) de danger pour le transport

ADR-Classe: N/A

IATA-Classe: N/A

IMDG-Classe: N/A

### 14.4. Groupe d'emballage

ADR-Groupe d'emballage: N/A

IATA-Groupe d'emballage: N/A

IMDG-Groupe d'emballage: N/A

### 14.5. Dangers pour l'environnement

Polluant marin: Non

Polluant environnemental: Non

IMDG-EMS: N/A

### 14.6. Précautions particulières à prendre par l'utilisateur

Route et Rail (ADR-RID) :

ADR-Etiquette: N/A

ADR - Numéro d'identification du danger : N/A

ADR-Dispositions particulières: N/A

ADR-Code de restriction en tunnel:

Air (IATA) :

IATA-Avion de passagers: N/A

IATA-Avion CARGO: N/A

IATA-Etiquette: N/A

IATA-Danger subsidiaire: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Dispositions particulières: N/A

Mer (IMDG) :

IMDG-Code de rangement: N/A

IMDG-Note de rangement: N/A

IMDG-Danger subsidiaire: N/A

IMDG-Dispositions particulières: N/A

### 14.7. Transport maritime en vrac conformément aux instruments de l'OMI

N.A.

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## RUBRIQUE 15 – Informations relatives à la réglementation



### 15.1. Réglementations/législation particulières à la substance ou au mélange en matière de sécurité, de santé et d'environnement

Dir. 98/24/CE (Risques dérivant d'agents chimiques pendant le travail)

Dir. 2000/39/CE (Limites d'exposition professionnelle)

Directive 2010/75/UE

Règlement (CE) n° 1907/2006 (REACH)

Règlement (CE) n° 1272/2008 (CLP)

Règlement (CE) n° 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) et (EU) n° 758/2013

Règlement (EU) n° 2020/878

Règlement (EU) n° 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Règlement (EU) n° 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

#### Restrictions liées au produit ou aux substances contenues conformément à l'Annexe XVII de la Réglementation (CE) 1907/2006 (REACH) et ses modifications successives:

Restrictions liées au produit: 3

Restrictions liées aux substances contenues: 30 (CAS 13463-41-7), 55, 75

#### Dispositions relatives aux directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Aucune

#### Règlement (UE) No 649/2012 (règlement PIC)

Aucune substance listée

#### Classe allemande de danger pour l'eau.

Classe 1: peu polluant.

#### Substances SVHC:

Sur la base des données disponibles, le produit ne contient pas de substances SVHC en pourcentage  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

**Valeur limite de l'UE pour la teneur en COV (Directive 2004/42 /CE)** Catégorie A/I, PA: COV maximum 200 g/l (janvier 2010).  
Teneur maximale en COV dans le produit <200 g/l

### 15.2. Évaluation de la sécurité chimique

Aucune évaluation de la sécurité chimique n'a été effectuée pour le mélange

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## RUBRIQUE 16 – Autres informations

Code	Description
H302	Nocif en cas d'ingestion.
H315	Provoque une irritation cutanée.
H319	Provoque une sévère irritation des yeux.
H331	Toxique par inhalation.

  

Code	Classe de danger et catégorie de danger	Description
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Toxicité aiguë (par inhalation), Catégorie 3
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Toxicité aiguë (par voie orale), Catégorie 4
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Irritation cutanée, Catégorie 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Irritation oculaire, Catégorie 2

Ce document a été préparé par une personne compétente qui a été formée de façon appropriée.

Principales sources bibliographiques:

ECDIN - Réseau d'information et Informations chimiques sur l'environnement - Centre de recherche commun, Commission de la

Les informations contenues se basent sur nos connaissances à la date reportée ci-dessus. Elles se réfèrent uniquement au produit indiqué et ne constituent pas de garantie d'une qualité particulière.

L'utilisateur doit s'assurer de la conformité et du caractère complet de ces informations par rapport à l'utilisation spécifique qu'il doit en faire. Cette fiche annule et remplace toute édition précédente.

Légende des abréviations et acronymes utilisés dans les fiches de données de sécurité

ACGIH: Conférence américaine des hygiénistes industriels gouvernementaux

ADR: Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route.

ATE: Estimation de la toxicité aiguë, ETA

ATEmix: Estimation de la toxicité aiguë (Mélanges)

BEI: Indice Biologique d'Exposition

CAS: Service des résumés analytiques de chimie (division de la Société Chimique Américaine).

CAV: Centre Anti-Poison

CE: Communauté Européenne

CLP: Classification, Etiquetage, Emballage.

CMR: Cancérogènes, Mutagènes et Reprotoxiques

COV: Composés Organiques volatils

CSA: Evaluation de la Sécurité Chimique.

CSR: Rapport sur la Sécurité Chimique

DNEL: Niveau dérivé sans effet.

EC50: Concentration à la moitié de l'efficacité maximale

ECHA: Agence européenne des produits chimiques

EINECS: Inventaire européen des substances chimiques commerciales existantes.

ES: Scénario d'Exposition

GefStoffVO: Ordonnance sur les substances dangereuses, Allemagne.

GHS: Système général harmonisé de classification et d'étiquetage des produits chimiques.

IARC: Centre international de recherche sur le cancer

IATA: Association internationale du transport aérien.

IC50: concentration à la moitié de l'inhibition maximale

IMDG: Code maritime international des marchandises dangereuses.

LC50: Concentration létale pour 50 pour cent de la population testée.

LD50: Dose létale pour 50 pour cent de la population testée.

LDLo: Dose Létale Faible

N.A.: Non Applicable

N/A: Non Applicable

N/D: Non défini / Pas disponible

N.D.: Pas disponible

NIOSH: Institut National de la Santé et de la Sécurité professionnelle

NOAEL: Dose Sans Effet Nocif Observé

OSHA: Service de la Sécurité et de l'Hygiène du Travail

PBT: Très persistant, bioaccumulable et toxique

PGK: Instruction d'emballage

PNEC: Concentration prévue sans effets.

PSG: Passagers

RID: Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire des marchandises dangereuses.

STEL: Limite d'exposition à court terme.

STOT: Toxicité spécifique pour certains organes cibles.

TLV: Valeur de seuil limite.

TLV-TWA: Valeur de seuil limite pour une moyenne d'exposition pondérée de 8 heures par jour. (Standard ACGIH)

vPvB: Très persistant, Très Bioaccumulable.

WGK: Classe allemande de danger pour l'eau.

**Paragraphes modifiés de la révision précédente:**

- RUBRIQUE 1 — Identification de la substance/du mélange et de la société/de l'entreprise
- RUBRIQUE 2 — Identification des dangers
- RUBRIQUE 3 — Composition/informations sur les composants
- RUBRIQUE 8 — Contrôles de l'exposition/protection individuelle
- RUBRIQUE 11 — Informations toxicologiques
- RUBRIQUE 12 — Informations écologiques
- RUBRIQUE 13 — Considérations relatives à l'élimination
- RUBRIQUE 14 — Informations relatives au transport

- RUBRIQUE 15 — Informations relatives à la réglementation
- RUBRIQUE 16 — Autres informations

## 2-Butoxyethanol

### Substance identification

Chemical Name: 2-Butoxyethanol

CAS number: 111-76-2

### EXPOSURE SCENARIO 5: USE IN COATINGS.

Based on the ECHA CSA&IR template, part D of June 2008 combined with the GES narrative file.

#### SECTION 1

**Title:** 2-Butoxyethanol Use in coatings.

Life Cycle Stage (LCS): Use at an industrial site.

**Environmental release categories:** ERC4; ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1

Process categories: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC15.

Processes, tasks and activities including: Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc.), including exposures during use (materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer of bulk and semi-bulk products, application by roller or spreader, dipping, flow, fluidised bed on production lines and film formation), cleaning and maintenance of equipment and associated laboratory activities [GES3\_I].

Evaluation method: Health: ECETOC TRA model used [EE1]. Environment: ECETOC TRA model used [EE1]. SPERC ESVOC used.

#### SECTION 2: OPERATING CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES.

##### SECTION 2.1: Environmental exposure control:

Product features: The substance has a unique structure [PrC1]. Non-hydrophobic [PrC4b]. Liquid, vapor pressure <0.5 kPa under standard conditions [OC3]. Miscible in water. Virtually non-toxic to aquatic species. Readily biodegradable [PrC5a]. Low bioaccumulation potential.

Amount used per site (tonnes per year): 2600 (8670 kg/g)

Frequency and duration of use: Continuous process [CS54]. 300 days per year of activity.

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management: Local dilution factor in fresh water [EF1]: 10. Local dilution factor in sea water [EF2]: 100.

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure: No specific measures required. Days of issue (days/year) [FD4]: 300. Continuous release [FD2].

Local technical conditions and measures to reduce and limit discharges and air emissions: Treatment of air emissions is not required for REACH compliance but may be required to comply with other environmental legislation. Soil emission controls are not applicable as there is no direct release to soil [TCR4]. To control aerosol emissions into the air use a scrubber or dry filtration system. On-site wastewater treatment required [TCR13]. Treat on-site waste water (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency  $\geq$  (%) [TCR8]: 87. Assumed industrial wastewater treatment plant flow (m<sup>3</sup>/d): 2000. If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no on-site wastewater treatment required [TCR9]. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from waste water [TCR14].

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from a site: Construct a containment basin around storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage [S5]. Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements [OMS4]. The site shall adopt a spillage plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimise the impact of episodic releases [W2]. A leak prevention plan is needed to prevent low level continual releases [W3].

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant: Estimated substance removal from waste water via domestic sewage treatment (%) [STP3]: 87. Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m<sup>3</sup>/d) [STP5]: 2000.

Conditions and measures for the disposal of articles at end of their service life: Estimated quantity of waste treated - not exceeding: 5%. Type of treatment suitable for waste: incineration. Removal Effectiveness (%): 99,98. Treat as hazardous waste. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations [ETW3]. Dispose of waste or used containers in accordance with local regulations [ENVT12].

Conditions and measures for the recovery of articles at the end of their service life: Not applicable.

Other environmental control measures in addition to those described above: none.

##### SECTION 2.2: Worker exposure control.

###### Product features:

Physical state of the product: Liquid, vapor pressure <0.5 kPa under standard conditions [OC3].

Concentration of the substance in the product: Covers a percentage substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise stated) [G13].

Amounts used: Not applicable.

Frequency and duration of use: Covers a daily exposure up to 8 hours (unless otherwise specified) [G2]. Continuous process [CS54].

Human factors not influenced by risk management: none.

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented [G1]. Assumes use of the product at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless otherwise specified [G15].

Technical conditions and process-level (source) measures and technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from the source to the worker: none.

###### Contributing scenarios:

General measures (skin irritants) [G19]: Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Immediately remove any contamination with skin. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop [E3]. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. [E4].

General measures (eye irritants) [G44]: Use suitable eye protection [PPE26]. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands [E73]. Avoid splashing [C&H15].

ES5-CS1: PROC1 General exposures (closed systems) [CS15]. Continuous process [CS54]. without sampling [CS57]: No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS2: PROC2 General exposures (closed systems) [CS15]. Continuous process [CS54]. With sampling [CS56]: No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS3: PROC2 Film formation - accelerated drying (50-100°C). Drying (>100 °C). UV/EB radiation curing [CS94]: Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation [E49].  
 ES5-CS4: PROC3 Mixing operations (closed systems) [CS29]. General exposures (closed systems) [CS15]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS5: PROC4 Film formation - air drying [CS95]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS6: PROC5 Preparation of material for application [CS96]. Mixing operations (open systems) [CS30]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS7: PROC7 Spray application (automatic/robotic) [CS97]. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure [E57].  
 ES5-CS8: PROC7 Spray application [CS10]. Manual [CS34]: Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure [E57]. or, Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with a type A filter or better [PPE22]. Change the filter cartridge on the respirator daily [PPE25].  
 ES5-CS9: PROC8a Material transfers [CS3]. (open systems) [CS108]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS10: PROC8b Material transfers [CS3]. (closed systems) [CS107]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS11: PROC10 Roller application, spreader, flow [CS98]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11].  
 ES5-CS12: PROC13 Dipping and pouring [CS4]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS13: PROC15 Laboratory activity [CS36]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].  
 ES5-CS14: PROC9 Drum/batch transfers [CS8]. Material transfers [CS3]. Transfer/pour from containers [CS22]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

## SECTION 3: EXPOSURE ESTIMATION:

### *Maximum exposure resulting from the contributing scenarios described.*

#### **Environment:**

##### **ES5-ES1: ERC4**

Conditions given in SPERC fact sheet give rise to following releases fractions [OOC29]. (ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1).

Fraction released into air from the process (initial release before application of RMM) [OOC4]: 0.98.

Fraction released into waste water from the process (initial release before application of RMM) [OOC5]: 0.02.

Fraction released into soil by the process (initial release before application of RMM) [OOC6]: 0.

PEC of microorganisms in wastewater treatment plant: 8.66E+01mg/l. Risk characterization report: 1.87E-01.

Local PEC in surface water: 1.10E+00mg/l. Risk characterization report: 1.25E-01.

Local PEC in freshwater sediments: 4.69E+00mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 1.36E-01.

Local PEC in seawater during the release episode: 1.10E-01mg/l. Risk characterization report: 1.25E-01.

Local PEC in marine sediments: 4.69E-01mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 1.36E-01.

Local PEC in soil: 6.14E-01mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 2.64E-01. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil [TCR1f].

#### **Health:**

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS1:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 0.01ppm. Risk characterization report: <0.001. 15 minutes average 0.04ppm. Risk characterization report: <0.001. Dermal: 0.03 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS2:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 1ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.05. 15 minutes average 4ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,08. Dermal: 1.4 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS3:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 0.5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,025. 15 minutes average 2ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,04. Dermal: 1.4 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS4:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 3ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. !da duplicazione! 15 minutes average 12ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.24. Dermal: 0.69 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS5:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 6.9 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS6:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS7:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 43 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS8:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,8. Dermal: 43 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS9:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,8. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS10:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS11:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 7ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.35. 15 minutes average 28ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.56. Dermal: 27 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS12:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.8. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS13:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 0.34 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES5-CS14:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 6.9 mg/kg/d.

The risk management measures described protect against acute exposure.

Dermal: A DNEL cannot be derived for this endpoint. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation [G37].

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects [G32]. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation [G37].

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for eye irritant effects [G45].

## SECTION 4: GUIDE FOR VERIFYING COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

### Environment:

Msafe: 32900kg/d. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites, thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures [DSU1].

$$\frac{m_{\text{spERC}} * (1 - E_{\text{ER,spERC}}) * F_{\text{release,spERC}}}{DF_{\text{spERC}}} \geq \frac{m_{\text{site}} * (1 - E_{\text{ER,site}}) * F_{\text{release,site}}}{DF_{\text{site}}}$$

where:

mSPERC: frequency of substance use in the spERC.

EER,SPERC: efficacy of RMM in SPERC.

Frelease,SPERC: initial release fraction in spERC.

DFSPERC: dilution factor in the river of the wastewater treatment plant effluent.

m<sub>site</sub>: frequency of use of the substance at the site.

EER,site: effectiveness of RMM at the site.

Frelease,,site: Initial release fraction at the site.

DF<sub>site</sub>: dilution factor in the river of the wastewater treatment plant effluent.

### Health:

Inhalation (steam). No correction required as all exposures are assumed to be 8 hours long (worst case assumption). No correction is required as all exposures are assumed to result from substance concentrations up to 100%.

Dermal: Not applicable.

## EXPOSURE SCENARIO 6: USE IN COATINGS.

Based on the ECHA CSA&IR template, part D of June 2008 combined with the GES narrative file.

### SECTION 1

**Title:** 2-butoxyethanol. Use in coatings.

Life Cycle Stage (LCS): Generalized use by professional operators.

Environmental release category: ERC8a, ERC8d.; ESVOG SpERC 8.3b.v1

Process category: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13, PROC15, PROC19.

Processes, tasks and activities including: Covers the use in coatings (paints, inks, adhesives, etc.), including exposures during use (materials receipt, storage, preparation and transfer of bulk and semi-bulk application by spray, roller, brush or manual spreader or similar methods and film formation), cleaning and maintenance of equipment and associated laboratory activities [GES3\_P].

Evaluation method: Health: ECETOC TRA model used [EE1]. Environment: ECETOC TRA model used [EE1]. SPERC ESVOG used.

### SECTION 2: OPERATING CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES.

#### **SECTION 2.1: Environmental exposure control:**

Product features: The substance has a unique structure [PrC1]. Non-hydrophobic [PrC4b]. Liquid, vapor pressure <0.5 kPa under standard conditions [OC3]. Miscible in water. Virtually non-toxic to aquatic species. Readily biodegradable [PrC5a]. Low bioaccumulation potential.

Amount used per site (tonnes per year): Not applicable. Dispersive use [FD3].

Frequency and duration of use: Continuous process [CS54]. 365 days per year of activity.

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure: No specific measures required. Dispersive use [FD3].

Local technical conditions and measures to reduce and limit discharges and air emissions: Treatment of air emissions is not required for REACH compliance but may be required to comply with other environmental legislation. To control aerosol emissions into the air use a scrubber or dry filtration system. All wastewater must be discharged to municipal sewage treatment plants or collected and sent for waste disposal. Assumes no on-site wastewater treatment.

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from a site: Construct a containment basin around storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage [S5]. Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements [OMS4].

Conditions and measures for the disposal of articles at end of their service life: Estimated quantity of waste treated - not exceeding: 10%. Type of treatment suitable for waste: incineration. Removal Effectiveness (%): 99,98. Treat as hazardous waste. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations [ETW3]. Dispose of waste or used containers in accordance with local regulations [ENVT12].

Conditions and measures for the recovery of articles at the end of their service life. Not applicable.

Other environmental control measures in addition to those described above: none.

#### **SECTION 2.2: Worker exposure control.**

##### **Product features:**

Physical state of the product: Liquid, vapor pressure <0.5 kPa under standard conditions [OC3].

Concentration of the substance in the product: Covers a percentage substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise stated) [G13].

Amounts used: Not applicable.

Frequency and duration of use: Covers a daily exposure up to 8 hours (unless otherwise specified) [G2]. Continuous process [CS54].

Human factors not influenced by risk management: none.

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented [G1]. Assumes use of the product at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless otherwise specified [G15].

Technical conditions and process-level (source) measures and technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from the source to the worker: none.

##### **Contributing scenarios:**

General measures (skin irritants) [G19]: Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Immediately remove any contamination with skin. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop [E3]. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. [E4].

General measures (eye irritants) [G44]: Use suitable eye protection [PPE26]. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands [E73]. Avoid splashing [C&H15].

ES6-CS1: PROC1 General exposures (closed systems) [CS15]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES6-CS2: PROC2 Filling of equipment from drums or containers, [CS45]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES6-CS3: PROC2 General exposures (closed systems) [CS15]. Use in systems under containment [CS38]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES6-CS4: PROC3 Preparation of material for application [CS96]. Mixing operations (closed systems) [CS29]. Batch process [CS55]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES6-CS5: PROC4 Film formation - air drying [CS95]. Indoor [OC8]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES6-CS6: PROC4 Film formation - air drying [CS95]. Outdoors [OC9]. Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69].

ES6-CS7: PROC5 Preparation of material for application [CS96]. Mixing operations (open systems) [CS30]. Indoor [OC8]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES6-CS8: PROC5 Preparation of material for application [CS96]. Mixing operations (open systems) [CS30]. Outdoors [OC9]. Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69].

ES6-CS9: PROC8a Material transfers [CS3]. Pouring from small containers [CS9]. (open systems) [CS108]. Provide extract ventilation at points where emissions occur [E54].

ES6-CS10: PROC8b Material transfers [CS3]. Pouring from small containers [CS9]. (closed systems) [CS107]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES6-CS11: PROC10 Roller application, spreader, flow [CS98]. Indoor [OC8]. Provide extract ventilation at points where emissions occur [E54].  
 ES6-CS12: PROC10 Roller application, spreader, flow [CS98]. Outdoors [OC9]. Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].  
 ES6-CS13: PROC11 Spray application [CS10]. Manual [CS34]. Indoor [OC8]. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure [E57]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].  
 ES6-CS14: PROC11 Spray application [CS10]. Manual [CS34]. Outdoors [OC9]. Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69]. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with a type A filter or better [PPE22]. Change the filter cartridge on the respirator daily [PPE25].  
 ES6-CS15: PROC13 Dipping and pouring [CS4]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11]. or, Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69].  
 ES6-CS16: PROC19 Dipping and pouring [CS4]. Outdoors [OC9]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11]. or, Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].  
 ES6-CS17: PROC15 Laboratory activity [CS36]. No other specific measures identified [E120].

## SECTION 3: EXPOSURE ESTIMATION:

### *Maximum exposure resulting from the contributing scenarios described.*

#### **Environment:**

**ES6-ES1:** ERC8a, ERC8d

Conditions given in SPERC fact sheet give rise to following releases fractions [OOC29]. (ESVOC SpERC 8.3b.v1).

Fraction released to air from highly dispersive use (regional only) [OOC7]: 0.98.

Fraction released to wastewater from highly dispersive use [OOC8]: 0.01.

Fraction released into soil by highly dispersive use (regional only) [OOC9]: 0.01.

PEC of microorganisms in wastewater treatment plant: 2,74E-03mg/l. Risk characterization report: 5.92E-06.

Local PEC in surface water: 5.98E-03mg/l. Risk characterization report: 6.80E-04.

Local PEC in freshwater sediments: 2.54E-02mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 7.34E-04.

Local PEC in seawater during the release episode: 6,50E-04mg/l. Risk characterization report: 7.39E-04.

Local PEC in marine sediments: 2.77E-03mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 8.01E-04.

Local PEC in soil: 2.13E-02mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 9.14E-03. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil [TCR1f].

#### **Health:**

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS1:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 0.01ppm. Risk characterization report: <0.001. 15 minutes average 0.04ppm. Risk characterization report: <0.001. Dermal: 0.03 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS2:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 1.4 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS3:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 1.4 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS4:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 3ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. !da duplicazione! 15 minutes average 12ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,24. Dermal: 0.69 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS5:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.8. Dermal: 6.9 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS6:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 7ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.35. 15 minutes average 28ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.56. Dermal: 6.9 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS7:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,8. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS8:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 7ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.35. 15 minutes average 28ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,56. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS9:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS10:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,8. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS11:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 27 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS12:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 11ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.525. 15 minutes average 42ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. Dermal: 16 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS13:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 12ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.6. 15 minutes average 48ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.96. Dermal: 64 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS14:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 7ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.35. 15 minutes average 28ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.56. Dermal: 110 mg/kg/d.



**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS15:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 7ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.35. 15 minutes average 28ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,56. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS16:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 11ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.525. 15 minutes average 42ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. Dermal: 85 mg/kg/d.

**Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES6-CS17:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,4. Dermal: 0.34 mg/kg/d.

The risk management measures described protect against acute exposure.

Dermal: A DNEL cannot be derived for this endpoint. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation [G37].

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects [G32]. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation [G37].

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for eye irritant effects [G45].

## SECTION 4: GUIDE FOR VERIFYING COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

**Environment:**

Msafe: 59.9kg/g. Not applicable for highly dispersive uses [DSU5].

**Health:**

Inhalation (steam). No correction required as all exposures are assumed to be 8 hours long (worst case assumption). To go from a concentration of 5-25% to a concentration of 100%, multiply by 1.7.

Dermal: Not applicable.

## EXPOSURE SCENARIO 8: USE IN CLEANING PRODUCTS.

Based on the ECHA CSA&IR template, part D of June 2008 combined with the GES narrative file.

### SECTION 1

**Title:** 2-butoxyethanol. Use in cleaning products.

Life Cycle Stage (LCS): Generalized use by professional operators.

Environmental release category: ERC8a, ERC8d.; ESVOC SpERC 8.4c.v1

Process category: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13.

Processes, tasks and activities including: Covers the use as a component of cleaning products including pouring/unloading from drums or containers; and exposures during mixing/diluting in the preparatory phase and cleaning activities (including spraying, brushing, dipping, wiping automated and by hand) [GES4\_P].

Evaluation method: Health: ECETOC TRA model used [EE1]. Environment: ECETOC TRA model used [EE1]. SPERC ESVOC used.

### SECTION 2: OPERATING CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES.

#### SECTION 2.1 Environmental exposure control:

Product features: The substance has a unique structure [PrC1]. Non-hydrophobic [PrC4b]. Liquid, vapor pressure <0.5 kPa under standard conditions [OC3]. Miscible in water. Virtually non-toxic to aquatic species. Readily biodegradable [PrC5a]. Low bioaccumulation potential.

Amount used per site (tonnes per year): Not applicable. Dispersive use [FD3].

Frequency and duration of use: Continuous process [CS54]. 365 days per year of activity.

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure: No specific measures required. Dispersive use [FD3].

Local technical conditions and measures to reduce and limit discharges and air emissions: No air emission control required; required removal efficiency of 0% [TCR5].

No waste water treatment required [TCR6]. Assumes no on-site wastewater treatment.

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from a site: Construct a containment basin around storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage [S5]. Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory requirements [OMS4].

Conditions and measures for the disposal of articles at end of their service life: Estimated quantity of waste treated - not exceeding: 10%. Type of treatment suitable for waste: incineration. Removal Effectiveness (%): 99,98. Treat as hazardous waste. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations [ETW3]. Dispose of waste or used containers in accordance with local regulations [ENVT12].

Conditions and measures for the recovery of articles at the end of their service life. Not applicable.

Other environmental control measures in addition to those described above: none.

#### SECTION 2.2: Worker exposure control.

##### Product features:

Physical state of the product: Liquid, vapor pressure <0.5 kPa under standard conditions [OC3].

Concentration of the substance in the product: Covers a percentage substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise stated) [G13].

Amounts used: Not applicable.

Frequency and duration of use: Covers a daily exposure up to 8 hours (unless otherwise specified) [G2]. Continuous process [CS54].

Human factors not influenced by risk management: none.

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure: Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene has been implemented [G1]. Assumes use of the product at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless otherwise specified [G15].

Technical conditions and process-level (source) measures and technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from the source to the worker: none.

##### Contributing scenarios:

General measures (skin irritants) [G19]: Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Immediately remove any contamination with skin. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop [E3]. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. [E4].

General measures (eye irritants) [G44]: Use suitable eye protection [PPE26]. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands [E73]. Avoid splashing [C&H15].

ES8-CS1: PROC8b Filling of equipment from drums or containers, [CS45]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES8-CS2: PROC2 Automated process with (semi) closed systems [CS93]. Use in systems under containment [CS38]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES8-CS3: PROC3 Automated process with (semi) closed systems [CS93]. Use in systems under containment [CS38]. Batch process [CS55]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES8-CS4: PROC4 Maintenance (of larger plant items) and machine set up [CS77]. Use in systems under containment [CS38]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES8-CS5: PROC4 Cleaning of medical devices [CS74]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].

ES8-CS6: PROC13 Surfaces [CS48]. Cleaning [CS47]. Dipping and pouring [CS4]. Manual [CS34]. No other specific measures identified [EI20].

ES8-CS7: PROC10 Cleaning with low-pressure washers [CS42]. No spraying [CS60]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11], or, Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].

ES8-CS8: PROC11 Cleaning with high pressure washers [CS44]. Indoor [OC8]. Spray application [CS10]. Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure [E57]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].

ES8-CS9: PROC11 Cleaning with high pressure washers [CS44]. Outdoors [OC9]. Spray application [CS10]. Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69]. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with a type A filter or better [PPE22]. Change the filter cartridge on the respirator daily [PPE25]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].

ES8-CS10: PROC11 Surfaces [CS48]. Cleaning [CS47]. Manual [CS34]. Spray application [CS10]. Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10-15 air changes per hour) [E40]. Limit the substance content in the product to 5% [OC17], or, Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with a type A filter or better [PPE22].

ES8-CS11: PROC10 Ad hoc manual application via trigger sprays, dipping, etc. [CS27]. Rolling, brushing [CS51]. With local ventilation systems [CS109]. Provide extract ventilation at points where emissions occur [E54].

ES8-CS12: PROC10 Ad hoc manual application via trigger sprays, dipping, etc. [CS27]. Rolling, brushing [CS51]. Without local ventilation systems [CS110]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18]. or, Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN140 with type A filter or better [PPE24].

ES8-CS13: PROC4 Application of cleaning products in closed systems [CS101]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11].

ES8-CS14: PROC8a Filling of equipment from drums or containers, [CS45]. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3-5 air changes per hour) [E11]. or, Make sure the operation is performed outdoors [E69]. Limit the substance content in the product to 25% [OC18].

## SECTION 3: EXPOSURE ESTIMATION:

### *Maximum exposure resulting from the contributing scenarios described.*

#### **Environment**

**ES8-ES1:** ERC8a, ERC8d.

Conditions given in SPERC fact sheet give rise to following releases fractions [OOC29]. (ESVOC SpERC 8.4c.v1).

Fraction released to air from highly dispersive use (regional only) [OOC7]: 0.95.

Fraction released to wastewater from highly dispersive use [OOC8]: 0,025.

Fraction released into soil by highly dispersive use (regional only) [OOC9]: 0.025.

PEC of microorganisms in wastewater treatment plant: 5.14E-03mg/l. Risk characterization report: 1.11E-05.

Local PEC in surface water: 6.01E-03mg/l. Risk characterization report: 6.83E-04.

Local PEC in freshwater sediments: 2.56E-02mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 7.40E-04.

Local PEC in seawater during the release episode: 6.53E-04mg/l. Risk characterization report: 7.42E-04.

Local PEC in marine sediments: 2.78E-03mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 8.03E-04.

Local PEC in soil: 2.13E-02mg/kgdw. Risk characterization report: 9.14E-03. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by soil [TCR1f].

#### **Health:**

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS1:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: <0.5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.8. Dermal: 14mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS2:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 1.4 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS3:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 3ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. !da duplicazione! 15 minutes average 12ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,24. Dermal: 0.69mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS4:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.8. Dermal: 6.9 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS5:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 4.2ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.21. 15 minutes average 16.8ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.34. Dermal: 4.1 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS6:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 10ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.5. 15 minutes average 40ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.8. Dermal: 14 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS7:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 11ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.525. 15 minutes average 42ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. Dermal: 16 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS8:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 12ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.6. 15 minutes average 48ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.96. Dermal: 64 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS9:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 4.2ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.21. 15 minutes average 16.8ppm. Risk characterization report: 0,34. Dermal: 64 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS10:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 6ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.3. 15 minutes average 24ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.48. Dermal: 21 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS11:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 5ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.25. 15 minutes average 20ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.4. Dermal: 27 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS12:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 11ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.525. 15 minutes average 42ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. Dermal: 16 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS13:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 7ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.35. 15 minutes average 28ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.56. Dermal: 6.9 mg/kg/d.

##### **Exposure resulting from contributing scenario ES8-CS14:**

Inhalation (steam). 8 hours on average 11ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.525. 15 minutes average 42ppm. Risk characterization report: 0.84. Dermal: 8.2 mg/kg/d.

The risk management measures described protect against acute exposure.

Dermal: A DNEL cannot be derived for this endpoint. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation [G37].

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects [G32]. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation [G37].

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for eye irritant effects [G45].

## SECTION 4: GUIDE FOR VERIFYING COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO

### **Environment:**

Msafe: 59.9kg/g. Not applicable for highly dispersive uses [DSU5].

### **Health:**

Inhalation (steam). No correction required as all exposures are assumed to be 8 hours long (worst case assumption). To go from a concentration of 5-25% to a concentration of 100%, multiply by 1.7. To go from a concentration of 1-5% to a concentration of 5-25%, multiply by 3.

Dermal: Not applicable.